

Assessing management effectiveness for Tanzanian protected areas before and at the covid 19 pandemic

Type of priority area

Terrestrial Protected Area

Key Biodiversity Area

Primary objective

Governance

Management Effectiveness

Livelihoods

Target groups

Local Communities

National or local PA Agency

National Government

Main activity focus

Capacity Building

Protected Area Management Effectiveness(PAME)

Awareness/Education



Duration
01/06/2021
- 31/10/2021



Type of grant & budget
Small Technical Grant
| 16,153.20 Euro



Location
Tanzania, Eastern Africa



Protected & Conserved Areas
Amani Forest Reserve, Chome Forest Reserve, Itulu Hill Forest Nature Reserve, Kilombero Forest Reserve



WDPA ID
555697527



BIOPAMA RRIS Link



Key Conservation Landscape
Key Biodiversity Area

Project Lead

Isaac Malugu

Project Partners

Description of the project - approx. 200 words:

The Covid-19 pandemic brought significant challenges to the forest conservation and management, at a scale that was previously not imagined. Revenue streams for nature reserves that relied mainly on conservation trust funds, philanthropy donations, research fees and ecotourism were severely cut throughout 2020. Rise in illegal forest harvesting and reduction in capacity of Tanzania Forest Services to institute effective law enforcement may have jeopardized the overall management capabilities of forest nature reserves. The current proposed assessment will unveil the post-covid situation of the protected areas, which are designated as forest nature reserves across the country. The results will inform the status of management effectiveness and its attribution to the negative impacts of the pandemic. This will trigger developing appropriate onsite strategies and establish policy actions that are geared towards recuperating from the pandemic and promoting post-pandemic management strategies on these protected areas.





Diagnostic Tools Used

Management Effectiveness Tracking Tool – Version 4(METT. 4)



The BIOPAMA AC Objective(s) Addressed

- PCAs with improved WDPA
- PCAs benefiting of training efforts
- PCAs with improved participatory planning and decision-making



Priority Need Addressed

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The change the project implementation will bring for the protected areas - approx. 200 words

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The project (ASSESSING MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS FOR TANZANIAN PROTECTED AREAS DURING AND POST COVID 19 PANDEMIC) is financed by the European Union and the Organisation of African, Caribbean and Pacific States through the Biodiversity and Protected Areas Management (BIOPAMA) Programme.

BIOPAMA assists the African, Caribbean and Pacific countries to address their priorities for improved management and governance of biodiversity and natural resources. BIOPAMA provides a variety of tools, services and funding to conservation actors in the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) countries. The BIOPAMA grant-making facility is managed by IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature) and supports projects on the ground to strengthen the management and governance of protected and conserved areas, with a total budget of 21 million Euros.

This project is financed by the European Union and the Organisation of African, Caribbean and Pacific States through the BIOPAMA Programme. The contents of this material are the sole responsibility of <Grantee's name> and can under no circumstances be regarded as reflecting the position of the EU nor of the OACPS.

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